Buchanan Ingersoll PC

ATTORNEYS

1,00 K Street, N.W. Suite 300 Washington, DC 20006-3807 Ti 202 452 7900

Edward John Allera (202) 452-7985 alleraej@bipc.com

9 3 2 2 106 FEB -2 P./www.buchananingersoll.com

February 2, 2006

Dockets Management Branch Food and Drug Administration Department of Health and Human Services 5630 Fishers Lane, Room 1061 (HFA-305) Rockville, MD 20852

Re: Docket No. 2005P-0383 - Article in Support of the Citizen Petition filed by Savient Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Dear Sir or Madam:

The enclosed article is submitted on behalf of Savient Pharmaceuticals Inc. ("Savient") in support of its September 2005 Citizen Petition.

The article, written in part by a Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") pharmacologist, confirms the serious risk of administering oxandrolone in the geriatric population without adequate dosing information. Specifically, the article discusses the risks of excessive bleeding when administering oxandrolone to a patients taking warfarin. The article concludes that "any increased use of oxandrolone in the geriatric population enhances the potential for a clinically significant drug interaction resulting in bleeding."

The article describes the case of a 93-year-old woman on long-term warfarin sodium treatment who received oxandrolone to facilitate weight gain. After two weeks of taking oxandrolone in combination with warfarin, the patient's prothrombin time had increased over 400% – from 15.6 seconds to over 65 seconds. The article stated that a similar drug interaction causing excessive anti-coagulation also occurred in a 69-year-old patient taking warfarin and topical testosterone, which is chemically related to oxandrolone. In this case, the combination required a warfarin dose reduction of 25% to maintain therapeutic prothrombin time.

As Savient argued in its petition, any generic oxandrolone product would be less safe than Oxandrin[®] because a generic oxandrolone product could not include Savient's geriatric dosing information on its label.¹ The risk of a patient receiving an incorrect dosage of oxandrolone is especially grave in the geriatric population given the nature of oxandrolone's adverse drug interaction with warfarin and the widespread use of warfarin in the elderly. This

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¹ Citizen Petition, Docket No. 2005P-0383, Sep. 19, 2005, at 13-18.

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risk provides further evidence that no generic oxandrolone product can be safely used without Savient's geriatric dosing information and thus FDA is precluded from approving any generic versions of oxandrolone until Savient's exclusivity on its geriatric dosing information has expired.

Respectfully yours,

Edward Jøhn Allera William A. Garvin